1	VIRGINIA BOARD OF HOUSING
2	AND COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT
3	
4	DATE: MAY 8, 2023
5	TIME: 10:00 A.M.
6	PLACE: Virginia Housing Center
7	4224 Cox Drive
8	Glen Allen, Virginia 23060
9	
10	***ORIGINAL***
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15	
16	
17	
18	Andrea Pegram Court Reporting, LLC Post Office Box 6478
19	Glen Allen, Virginia 23058 804.605.5891
20	004.000.3091
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23	
24	
25	

1	IN-PERSON BOARD MEMBERS APPEARANCES:
2	Brett Meringoff, Chair - Congressional District 10
3	Louie Berbert - Congressional District 2
4	Claudia Cotton - Congressional District 3
5	Sylvia Hallock - Congressional District 5
6	J.M. Snell, II - Congressional District 6
7	Mark Trostle - Congressional District 13
8	Keith Johnson - Congressional District 12
9	Sean Ferrell - Virginia Building Code Officials Association
10	Also present:
11	Kyle Flanders - DHCD Policy Division
12	
13	Chase Sawyer - DHCD Policy Division
14	In-person public comment speakers:
15	Glen Besa
16	Bob Shippee
	Steve Shapiro
17	Lena Lewis
18	ONLINE PUBLIC APPEARANCES:
19	Abigail Johnson Congressional District 1
20	Mary Koban
21	-
22	Andrew Klein
23	Judy Gayer
24	Jon Ward
25	Ross Shearer
4 J	

1	Continuing:
2	Rose Hendricks
3	Ivy Main
4	Natalie Pien
5	Frederick Krimgold
6	Susan Stillman
7	Bill Penniman
8	Monique Hanis
9	Jeff Mang
10	Gina Weatherup
11	Ben Rabe
12	Eric Lacey
13	Glenn Dean
14	Robert Glass
15	Dan Willham
16	Randy Grumbine
17	
18	
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21	
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23	
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10:06:03AM

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1
                        MR. MERINGOFF: All right. Good
2
      morning. My name is Brett Meringoff. I am currently
 3
      serving as the Chair of the Virginia Board of Housing
 4
      and Community Development. The Board is holding a
 5
      public hearing today to receive comments regarding the
                                                                     10:05:27AM
 6
      proposed regulations.
7
                        At this point, it's my pleasure to
      welcome the members of the Board of Housing and
 8
 9
      Community Development and the Virginia Fire Services
      Board that are present today, including a couple of
10
                                                                    10:05:34AM
11
      Board members who are participating virtually.
12
                        Let's start by -- I would like to
13
      start by going around the room here. And to our
14
      members here that are participating virtually and for
      each member of the Board and the Fire Services Board to
15
                                                                     10:05:52AM
      introduce yourselves, so that the public is aware of
16
17
      everyone that is here and present beginning with
18
      Mr. Trostle.
19
                        MR. TROSTLE: Hi. I am Mark Trostle
20
      from northern Virginia. I'm relatively new here.
                        MS. HALLOCK: Sylvia Hallock from
2.1
22
      Crozet, Virginia, background in affordable housing with
23
      Habitat for Humanity.
24
                        MS. COTTON: Claudia Cotton
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representing the 3rd Congressional District in Hampton

10:06:11AM

10:06:59AM

10:07:10AM

- 1 Roads.
- MR. BERBERT: Louie Berbert. I'm in
- 3 Virginia Beach. I work for a local builder there.
- 4 MR. GARBER: Scott Garber. I'm the
- 5 Fire Chief for the City of Staunton and a member of the
- 6 Virginia Fire Services Board.
- 7 MR. JOHNSON: Keith Johnson. Fire
- 8 Chief of Loudon County representing the Virginia Fire
- 9 Services Board and also [INAUDIBLE] Community Housing
- 10 Development.
- 11 MR. LITTLE: Ernie Little. Fire
- 12 Services Board. I represent the Virginia Fire
- 13 Prevention Association.
- 14 MR. MERINGOFF: Brett Meringoff. I'm
- in Affordable Housing and representing the 10th
- 16 District in northern Virginia.
- 17 MR. HORN: Brian Horn. The Director
- 18 of Community and Housing Development.
- Mr. FLANDERS: Kyle Flanders. I'm at
- 20 Policy Office at DHCD.
- 21 MR. SAWYER: Chase Sawyer. I'm also
- 22 from DHCD.
- MR. GREGORY: Rick Gregory from
- 24 Goochland, Virginia.
- 25 MR. FARRELL: Good morning,

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everybody. My name is Sean Farrell. I am the Director
of Regulatory Compliance representing the Virginia
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- 3 Building and Code Officials Association.
- 4 MR. SNELL: And I am J. M. Snell.
- 5 I'm from Shenandoah Valley. I reside in Harrisonburg. 10:07:14AM
- 6 MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. Abby.
- 7 MS. JOHNSON: Yeah, Hi.
- 8 Abby Johnson representing District 1
- 9 for Energy Efficiency expert. Thank you.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. Great. 10:07:31AM
- I think that is everyone who is
- 12 present at the moment. I just have a few more comments
- 13 to read and we will get to it.
- So, before we begin to receive
- 15 comment, I would like to explain how the hearing will
- 16 be conducted. Anyone wishing to speak should sign in
- 17 at the registration desk near the door and enter their
- 18 name in the chat online.
- 19 Comments offered by a previous
- speaker need not be repeated. The speaker may
- 21 establish a point simply by referring to the earlier
- 22 statement which expresses his or her position.
- We ask that each speaker limit
- remarks to two minutes due to the numerous people we
- 25 expect to speak of the various issues.

10:08:20AM

10:08:01AM

10:07:44AM

10:08:36AM

10:08:49AM

10:09:08AM

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I will be holding a two-minute alarm.
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- 2 If you hear the noise or hear me interject please
- 3 respect that and sum up your comments.
- 4 We welcome the submission of written
- 5 statements in such cases oral comments are not
- 6 necessary. The Board will review all written materials
- 7 that are submitted. If you have written statements
- 8 today, please submit them to staff. We will receive
- 9 public comment in this order.
- 10 First, the Virginia Statewide Fire
- 11 Prevention Code. Next. The Uniform Statewide Building
- 12 Code, and then the Virginia Amusement Device
- 13 Regulations. And last the Virginia Industrialized
- 14 Building and Safety Regulations.
- 15 We will first go to those in-person,
- 16 then go to those who are participating virtually
- 17 online.
- I now open the public hearing and
- 19 call the first speaker.
- 20 MR. FLANDERS: Chair, I don't think
- 21 we have anyone registered for the Statewide Fire
- 22 Prevention Code.
- Is there anyone present in the
- 24 audience or online for the Fire Code? Let me know now.
- 25 MS. Koban: Yes, for the Fire Code?

10:10:38AM

```
MR. MERINGOFF: Yes, Statewide Fire
1
 2
      Prevention Code.
 3
                        MS. Koban: Yes, Mary Koban
 4
      representing Chemours. I would like to make some
 5
      public comments.
                                                                      10:09:49AM
 6
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Yes, please go ahead.
 7
                        MS. Koban: Is it okay?
 8
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Your two minutes
 9
      starts now.
10
                        MS. Koban: Okay. Good morning.
                                                                     10:09:54AM
      Yes, Mary Koban representing Chemours. Thank you for
11
12
      allowing me to speak with you today about the fire
13
      code.
14
                        As you may know, the American
15
      Innovation and Manufacturing Act signed into law on
                                                                     10:10:04AM
16
      December 2020 mandates that the US EPA phased down the
17
      consumption and production of hydro fluorocarbons or
18
      HFCs including refrigerants.
19
                        This transition began on January 1,
20
      2022 with a 10 percent reduction in GWP with another 40
                                                                     10:10:18AM
      percent reduction coming up right now in January 1,
2.1
      2024. Therefore the industry will need to transition
2.2
23
      to lower GWP refrigerants to handle this in the HVACR
24
      industry.
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Typically the lower GWP refrigerants

1	have different flammability class. Today I'm going to	
2	share more about the 2L class.	
3	The industry has been preparing for	
4	this transition for over 10 years. The necessary	
5	safety standards ASHRAE 34, ASHRAE 15, UL60332-5 2-40	10:10:52AM
6	and UL60335-2-89 have all been updated and include the	
7	necessary updates to handle safety refrigerants with	
8	different flammability, particularly refrigerants with	
9	low flammability those called the 2L refrigents.	
10	Co-proposals were made last year	10:11:11AM
11	during Virginia's open code cycle. Unfortunately, the	
12	Virginia code process Five code proposals: BF202,	
13	BF608 Parts 1 and Part 2, BF-911 and BF5003 were heard	
14	but not accepted. I believe it was because they were	
15	submitted in through the Fire Code and not submitted	10:11:37AM
16	into the building code, but these are related to the	
17	fire code.	
18	Please refer to the Virginia Code	
19	Hearing book Page 663. I've shared that book with	
20	Kyle. I believe he can share that with you folks.	10:11:45AM
21	These codes are critically important	
22	for storage handling and servicing of the new lower GWP	
23	refrigerants. These codes were adopted by the ICC	
24	during the recent code cycle and update the code for	
25	requirements for 2L refrigerants. We ask that the	10:12:04AM

10:12:14AM

10:12:41AM

10:12:56AM

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1 Committee review these codes and proposals and change
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- them. Specifically, these will allow the storage and
- 3 handling to be aligned with the ICC and also would be
- 4 aligned with the new flammability class GHS --
- 5 MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. Thank you.
- 6 MS. Koban: -- for harmonization
- 7 standards.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you. That's
- 9 two minutes. Thank you very much for your comment.
- MR. FLANDERS: We have Andrew Klein, 10:12:29AM
- 11 would you like to speak to the fire code?
- MR. KLEIN: Yes, I would. Thank you.
- 13 MR. MERIGOFF: Thank you. Go ahead.
- 14 Your two minutes starts now.
- MR. KLEIN: Thank you. Andrew Klein
- 16 representing AHRI. As Mary had mentioned, we are in
- 17 the process now of switching to new refrigerants which
- do have a slight flammability profile.
- So, what this does this allows all of
- 20 the distributors and warehouses currently that have our
- 21 Al refrigerants which do not have a flammability, uh,
- 22 to be replaced with these mildly flammables without
- having to be a high hazard use.
- So, right now we only have a single
- 25 classification for flammable gases. It's either

10:13:18AM

10:13:32AM

10:14:07AM

10:14:18AM

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1 flammable or it's not. This puts two categories of
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- 2 flammable gas in which is consistent with the GIS
- 3 classification.
- 4 So, A, it's about time we fully move
- 5 over, but B, it's very important that we at least move
- 6 over to the GIS classification for flammable gases.
- 7 And this is consistent verbatim with what was put into
- 8 the 2024, uh, both for fire and building codes since it
- 9 affects the MAQ table; and that's why it goes into the
- fire and building code, but the fire code at least at 10:13:49AM
- 11 ICC is who handles those particular sections, so...
- I will be sending in a written
- 13 comment as well with, uh, the exactly asking what I
- 14 would like you to do, but we'd like you to approve
- 15 those five code change proposals that Mary had
- 16 mentioned. Thank you.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.
- Do we have any more speakers?
- MR. FLANDERS: Chair, I believe
- 20 that's it.
- 21 MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. That concludes
- 22 the comments for the Virginia Statewide Fire Prevention
- 23 Code.
- So, we will move on to the Uniform
- 25 Statewide Building Code.

10:14:28AM

10:15:48AM

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1
                        MR. FLANDERS: First, we have
2
      Mr. Glenn Besa.
 3
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Did anyone else sign
 4
      up?
 5
                        MR. FLANDERS: Bob Shippee, he will
 6
      be next. Steve Shapiro.
 7
                        MR. BESA: So, my name is Glen Besa.
 8
      I'm here to talk about climate change. I need to tell
 9
      you that by not bringing Virginia up to Code you may be
10
      handicapping State and local government's ability to
                                                                    10:15:00AM
11
      compete with tens of million of dollars in grant funds
12
      under the EPA's new Climate Pollution Reduction and
13
      Grant Program because public deficiency is one of the
14
      most effective ways to cut climate pollution.
15
                        I'd like to conclude by playing a 90
                                                                     10:15:12AM
16
      second excerpt from climate activist, Greta Thunberg,
17
      speaking September 2019 to the UN Climate Summit is
18
      relevant to what we have here today. So, I'm going to
19
      play this for you if I can get it to play.
20
                        [AUDIO PLAYING.]
                                                                     10:15:23AM
2.1
                        This is all wrong. I shouldn't be up
22
      here. I should be back in school on the other side of
23
      the ocean. Yet, you-all come to us young people for
24
      hope. How dare you. You have stolen my dreams and my
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childhood with your empty words. And yet I am one of

10:17:22AM

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1
      the lucky ones. People are suffering. People are
 2
      dying. And entire ecosystems are collapsing. We are
 3
      in the beginning of a mass extinction and all you can
 4
      talk about is money and fairy tales of eternal economic
 5
      growth. How dare you.
                                                                     10:16:18AM
 6
                        For more than 30 years, the science
7
      has been crystal clear. How dare you continue to look
8
      away and come hear saying that you're doing enough when
 9
      the politics and solutions needed was still nowhere in
10
      sight. You said you hear us and that you understand
                                                                     10:16:35AM
      the urgency. But, no matter how sad and angry I am, I
11
12
      do not want to believe that because if you really
13
      understood the situation and still kept on failing to
14
      act then you would be evil and that I refuse to
15
      believe.
                                                                     10:16:59AM
16
                        [END OF AUDIO.]
17
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.
18
      Kyle next speaker.
19
                        MR. FLANDERS: Our next speaker is
20
      Bob Shippee and then Steve Shapiro and then Lena Lewis.
                                                                    10:17:14AM
                        MR. SHIPPEE: Mister Chair and
2.1
22
      Members of the Board, I am Bob Shippee. I am a Henrico
23
      citizen. You know, that was an interesting excerpt
24
      there. I really am going to talk about money. So,
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independent analysis shows that simply, uh, we adopt

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1 the 2021 IECC standards. Then occupants would save an
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- 2 average net average of \$250 a month -- of a year.
- 3 \$250 a year probably doesn't sound
- 4 like a lot to some of you, but for people that are
- 5 struggling with increase in costs of lots of things in 10:17:42AM
- 6 daily life is meaningful. And that's 250 net per year
- 7 after the initial incremental cost of the measures to
- 8 adopt the standards.
- 9 So, I'll just urge you go ahead and
- 10 do that small action to save folks a little bit of
- 11 money on an annual basis. Thank you again. Bob
- 12 Shippee. S-h-i-p-p-e-e. Thanks.
- 13 MR. FLANDERS: Next we have
- 14 Mr. Steven Shapiro and Lena Lewis.
- MR. SHAPIRO: Good morning. I'm
- 16 Steve Shapiro representing the Department of Office
- 17 Building Association of Metropolitan Washington and the
- 18 Virginia Department of Management Association.
- 19 Together we represent the owners and managers of
- 20 roughly 172 million square feet of commercial space and
- 21 630 thousand residential units throughout the
- 22 Commonwealth.
- We applaud your action taken on
- 24 December 12th and believe that those decisions struck a
- 25 very fair compromise between life, safety, and

10:18:46AM

10:17:55AM

10:18:22AM

10:18:34AM

1	reasonable development in the Commonwealth.	
2	We ask that you stay the course and	
3	adopt the proposed regulations relative to the 2021	
4	Uniform Statewide Building Code, Statewide Fire	
5	Prevention Code, Amusement Device Regulations,	10:19:01AM
6	Industrialized Building Safety Regulations.	
7	We again request that you oppose	
8	Proposal Number 985, which if approved would place the	
9	entire expense of then building emergency	
10	communications systems on when we enter the building.	10:19:10AM
11	For example, approval of this	
12	proposal could cause an existing building owner to	
13	spend thousand of dollars to retrofit and upgrade a new	
14	system if a new building is constructed. It now blocks	
15	the signal of the pre-existing building.	10:19:22AM
16	We also again request the Board to	
17	reject Proposal 1169 which will strike the exception	
18	for the installation of fire extinguishers in Groups	
19	A,D, and E equipment with quick response sprinklers	
20	would now require the extinguishers regardless.	10:19:36AM
21	This exact same proposal has been	
22	before the Board during the last four cycles, and it's	
23	now back for the fifth time. Each time the Board has	
24	rejected it based on a lack of data to support such a	
25	move as well as potential for such a change to	10:19:50AM

10:20:55AM

1 encourage building occupants to remain in a burning 2 building and attempt to fight a fire rather than 3 evacuating. 4 Lastly, there were 21 commercial 5 energy related proposals in this cycle. Eighteen of 10:20:00AM 6 these were non-consensus during the work group meetings. And our members are opposed to the changes 8 that eliminate all previous State amendments in favor 9 of adopting the 2021 International Energy Conservation 10 Code whether in whole or in part. 10:20:13AM 11 We commend the Board for striking the 12 correct balance between sustainable development and the 13 need to conserve energy. Thank you for allowing me to 14 speak to you today. 15 MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you. 10:20:22AM 16 MR. FLANDERS: Lena Lewis. 17 MS. LEWIS: Good morning. My name is 18 Lena Lewis. I am the Energy and Climate Policy Manager 19 for the Virginia Chapter of the Nature Conservancy. We request that the Board consider amendments even if they 20 10:20:47AM 2.1 were labeled non-consensus from the work group process, 22 and I have a couple highlights I would like to 23 highlight here.

Today, first we recommend that the

Board adopt the 2021 IECC standard for wall insulation.

24

10:22:05AM

1 The standard is important because it would save 2 residents substantial money over the lifetime of the 3 mortgage and when compared to the cost of retro 4 fittings. 5 We also recommend that the Board 10:21:10AM 6 adopt amendment for ensuring residents of multi-family 7 housing have access to affordable electric vehicle 8 chargers. This is EC-C-405.10-21. Building codes must 9 keep up to support the best forward looking practices 10 allowing homes to be a part of affordable transition to 10:21:29AM electric vehicles. 11 12 Even if today's residents are mostly 13 driving gas powered cars, the next residents will 14 likely be driving the EV's. 15 We understanding that adding EV 10:21:40AM 16 charges to the USBC involves a different way of 17 thinking about buildings that has been required in the 18 past. We ask the Board to embark on this new thought 19 process now. This transformation of the automobile is 20 already upon us. 10:21:55AM Dominion Energy expects the number of 2.1 22 EV's in Virginia to double by the end of next year and 23 then double again by 2026. S&P Global Mobility 24 forecasts 40 percent of passenger cars in the United

States to be EV's by 2030, passenger car sales rather.

10:23:17AM

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1
                        So, Virginia's building particularly
2
      the parking lots of multi-family residential buildings
 3
      should be built with the anticipation that they will be
      filled with EV's that need to be charged overnight.
      And as been many building features adding in EV
                                                                      10:22:24AM
 6
      charging capabilities is much less expensive when the
7
      building is being built and before the parking lot
8
      pavement is poured then doing so as a retrofit.
 9
                        An analysis of data from the electric
10
      utility PG&E shows that the cost in installing EV
                                                                     10:22:31AM
11
      chargers in a multi-family building is four to 12 times
12
      more expensive as a retrofit than when the building was
13
      built. Thank you.
14
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.
15
                        MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, I
                                                                      10:22:54AM
16
      believe that's it for in-person for the building code.
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Okay.
17
18
                        MR. FLANDERS: First online we have
19
      Judy Gayer followed by Jon Ward followed by Ross
20
      Shearer.
                                                                      10:23:11AM
2.1
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Judy Gayer, your two
22
      minutes begins now.
23
                        MS. GAYER: Sorry. I would like to
24
      discuss the pros and cons of adopting the current
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version of the IECC with none of the weakening

10:24:21AM

amendments included in the Board's final rule. 1 2 There are several pros. First, as 3 reported by the U.S. Department of Energy full 4 compliance with the IECC would benefit building 5 occupants. Research demonstrates that buildings 10:23:34AM 6 constructed to high efficiency standards save more 7 money for occupants overtime than they add to the 8 upfront cost. 9 Second, as reported by DO -- DOE as 10 well requiring full compliance with the IECC would 10:23:43AM provide health, safety, air quality and climate 11 12 benefits for all Virginias over the 70-year course that 13 new buildings are generally in use. 14 Third, adopting the full IECC 15 wouldn't prevent builders from continuing to make 10:23:56AM 16 excellent profits. Builders already have to meet IECC 17 requirements when they work across the river in 18 Maryland, and if they didn't make enough profit they 19 wouldn't continue to build there. 20 It's also not an affordability issue 10:24:07AM 2.1 for buyers or occupants because homes in Maryland sell 22 in the same price ranges as in Virginia, even though they meet IECC standards. 23 24 Fourth. The Board is required by 25 Virginia law to adopt energy efficiencies, at least as

10:25:12AM

1 stringent as the latest IECC unless we can show that 2 the incremental construction costs would exceed the 3 value of savings and other benefits over time. 4 If the Board wants to avoid 5 conforming to full IECC, it must demonstrate that in 10:24:33AM 6 fact the value of energy and savings and benefits are less than added marginal cost. I don't believe the 7 8 Board could possible do that. 9 However, to my knowledge, the Board hasn't even tried to do that, and that is a violation 10 10:24:44AM 11 of law. 12 So, on the pro side of adopting the 13 full IECC, we have greater affordability for building 14 occupants, better health, reduced emissions, reduced 15 contributions to climate change, and legal compliance. 10:24:54AM On the con side, we have builders who 16 17 object to paying more upfront in construction costs, 18 even though they have to incur those same expenses when 19 they build across the river; and even though the 20 additional investment would be more than paid back in 10:25:05AM 21 public benefit. 22 Building represents an enormous 23 portion of all energy use and are a major contributor 24 to climate change; requiring builders to build homes

that are energy efficient is a key part of any plan to

10:26:10AM

1 address the climate crises, and we should do that. 2 Thank you for considering my comment. 3 MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much. 4 MR. FLANDERS: Next we have Jon Ward 5 followed by Ross Shearer and Rose Hendricks. 10:25:29AM 6 MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. Jon Ward, you go ahead. 8 MR. WARD: Good morning. Thank you. 9 I'm presenting on behalf of the Falls Church Climate 10 Action Network. We strongly recommend that the Board 10:25:37AM adopt the 2021 International Energy Conservation Code 11 for residential construction without weakening 12 13 amendments. 14 We believe the IECC has already 15 undergone stakeholder scrutiny at the national level to 10:25:49AM 16 ensure that its energy efficiency measures will pay for 17 themselves in a reasonably short period. 18 The U.S. Department of Energy has 19 already determined that adopting the 2021 Code would 20 save about nine percent energy cost and usage compared 10:25:58AM to the 2018 Code. 2.1 22 Over the three years during which 23 this latest Code will be in effect, Virginians will 24 likely add forty thousand and eighty thousand new

25

single-family homes.

10:27:04AM

1	If this Board dilutes the 2021 Code	
2	down to Virginia's 2018 levels, these 40 to 80,000	
3	homes will be saddled with at least an extra 10 percent	
4	in energy bills for decades. That amounts to wasting	
5	the energy needed to fully heat and cool four thousand	10:26:20AM
6	to eight thousand homes for the next 60 years they will	
7	be standing.	
8	Sticking with the 2018 level Code	
9	means burning more natural gas virtually, all of which	
10	is imported into Virginia. Purchasing more electricity	10:26:34AM
11	from out-of-state coal fired power plants, covering	
12	more land with solar panels, and if needed expanding	
13	transmission capacity.	
14	This unnecessary extra demand will	
15	raise energy prices and those extra capital and	10:26:43AM
16	capacity costs get passed on to all residential utility	
17	rate payers.	
18	The extra greenhouse gas emissions	
19	will worsen climate change affecting all Virginians,	
20	especially those exposed to flooding, extreme rainfall,	10:26:53AM
21	and sea level rise.	
22	If instead, you update ICC the Code	
23	to match the 2021 IECC the industry will use local	
24	skilled labor to build tighter buildings with less air	
0.5		

leakage and to build better and install better

10:27:27AM

10:27:43AM

10:27:59AM

- insulated windows, doors, and walls. Better insulated
 homes are also more resilient to the hotter days
- 3 brought on by climate change.
- 4 In conclusion, Virginia
- 5 municipalities like Falls Church are powerless to set 10:27:12AM
- 6 efficiency standards with the buildings with our
- 7 borders.
- 8 We urge the Board to help us reduce
- 9 the cost of living and the impacts of climate change
- 10 for all Virginians. 10:27:20AM
- 11 The Falls Church Climate Action
- 12 Network is asking the Board to adopt full residential
- provisions of the 2021 IECC. Thank you for your time.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you.
- MR. FLANDERS: Chair, next we have
- 16 Ross Shearer and Rose Hendricks and Ivy Main. Thank
- 17 you.
- 18 MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. Ross Shearer,
- 19 two minutes. You may go ahead.
- 20 MR. SHEARER: Good morning. I am
- 21 Ross Shearer in Vienna where I have lived for 40 years.
- 22 The legal authority of this Board is constituted as a
- 23 public service. A vocal minority of you understand
- this implicitly having left an enduring record of
- 25 virtuous advocacy for the Public's best interests.

1	Thank you for your participation.	
2	The decisions permitted to take place	
3	in this cycle resemble an electrical short circuit. To	
4	date, the Board is chosen to disapprove non-consensus	
5	proposals valuable to the public, but opposed by some	10:28:15AM
6	stakeholders from the regulated construction industry,	
7	while approving the non-consensus proposals harmful to	
8	the public that some from the regulated warehousing	
9	industry see.	
10	The principle of checks and balances	10:28:28AM
11	is a thematic component of our democracy. So, in	
12	Virginia when the consensus process allows use to	
13	conflicting methods to favor the regulated an alarm	
14	should have triggered, to alert all involved of the	
15	incurrence of an internal inconsistency, but there was	10:28:44AM
16	no alarm or concern and quite the contrary.	
17	In its, January 11th memorandum,	
18	Justin Bell assured the Department that it make this	
19	regulatory action. Thus having been so absolved no one	
20	is on the hook for the offense of weakening the	10:29:00AM
21	formerly adopted energy conserving provisions for	
22	warehouses, or for rejecting life saving residential	
23	sprinklers and model energy conserving proposals.	
24	The Departmental staff frequently	
25	mentioned that Virginia's code development processes is	10:29:17AM

1	recognized nationally for its excellence. This cycle	
2	results labor the inherent weakness of the stakeholders	
3	consensus approach. That's jeopardizing that	
4	reputation and the Commonwealth. Thank you for	
5	listening.	10:29:33AM
6	MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.	
7	MR. FLANDERS: Chair, next we have	
8	Rose Hendricks, Ivy Main, and Natalie Pien.	
9	MR. MERINGOFF: Rose Hendricks, your	
10	two minutes starts now.	10:29:45AM
11	MS. HENDRICKS: Thank you. My name	
12	name is Rose Hendricks. I'm a resident of Falls Church	
13	and a volunteer climate activist with Citizen Climate	
14	Lobby.	
15	I have spent the two last years	10:29:53AM
16	working to reduce the carbon emissions and improve the	
17	efficiency of my own home including installing solar	
18	panels and electric vehicle charger and replacing my	
19	gas stove with an induction cooktop.	
20	And although this is what the present	10:30:02AM
21	and future demands of us each of these has been	
22	significantly more complicated and expensive than	
23	needed because the homes electric readiness was not	
24	considered when it was constructed in 2012.	
25	I strongly urge you to adopt the 2021	10:30:19AM

10:30:55AM

10:31:07AM

10:31:18AM

- 1 IECC building standards for Virginians. As you know,
- 2 HB2227 mandates that the Board make the building code
- 3 consistent with or at least as stringent as the IECC
- 4 standards.
- Adopting these standards will not 10:30:33AM
- 6 only help Virginia reduce its carbon footprint and
- 7 lower energy costs for homeowners and businesses, but
- 8 it will also improve the comfort, health, and safety of
- 9 residents.
- By adopting the 2021 IEC standards, 10:30:43AM
- 11 Virginia can join a growing number of states and
- municipalities across the country that have recognized
- 13 the importance of energy efficiency in reducing
- 14 greenhouse gas emissions and mitigating the impacts of
- 15 climate change.
- So, I urge you to adopt the 2021 IECC
- 17 standards to build a more sustainable and resilient
- 18 future for Virginia. Thank you very much.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.
- 20 MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, we have
- 21 Ivy Main followed by Natalie Pien and Frederick
- 22 Krimgold.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Ivy Main, your two
- 24 minutes begins now.
- MS. MAIN: Thank you. My name Ivy

10:32:21AM

Main. I live in McLean, Virginia, and I support 1 2 adoption of the full 2021 IECC. 3 After my husband and I moved into our 4 house, we had a home energy audit done which found 5 significant air leakage and other weatherization 10:31:31AM 6 failures. We spent thousands of dollars on retrofits, but the house is still leaky because it wasn't tightly 8 built in the first place. 9 These failures have cost us thousand 10 of dollars more over the years we've lived here in 10:31:45AM higher energy bills. The house still feels drafty. 11 12 The air quality has suffered because gas furnace ran 13 more often. 14 So, I was pleased when the General 15 Assembly passed the law in 2021 requiring the Board to 10:31:56AM 16 asses the public health, safety, welfare benefits of 17 adopting standards that are at least as stringent as 18 those contained in the IECC, including potential energy 19 savings and air quality benefits over time compared to 20 the cost of initial construction. 10:32:09AM Adopting the full IECC will prevent 2.1 22 others from going through what I did and save home 23 owners far more money over time than the incremental 24 cost of building to a higher standard.

Given these savings and air quality

10:33:34AM

10:33:50AM

- 1 benefits, the BHCD does not have the option to 2 disregard the IECC. It's clear from the law that the 3 Board must adopt the efficiency measures of the full IECC because the savings over time from adopting the full model code exceed the marginal cost of meeting the 10:32:37AM 6 higher standards. The Board cannot legally adopt a 7 lesser standard. Thank you. 8 MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much. 9 MR. FLANDERS: Natalie Pien, Frederick Krimgold, and Susan Stillman. 10 10:32:46AM 11 MR. MERINGOFF: Natalie Pien, your 12 two minutes begins now. I believe you're on mute. 13 MS. PIEN: Thank you. Hello. My
- 15 Club Great Falls group. Thank you for the opportunity 10:33:18AM

 16 to share my thoughts to adopt all of the updated IECC
- 18 I'm concerned that the requirements

 19 of HB2227 approach on May -- March 30th 2021 have not

name is Natalie Pien, and I'm a member of the Sierra

14

17

recommendations.

- 20 been met. The law states that upon each publication by
 21 the international Code of new version of the
 22 International Energy Conservation Code, IECC, the Board
- of Housing and Community Development shall consider

 adopting amendments to the Uniform State Building Code
- 25 to address changes in the IECC related to energy

1 conservation. 2 Virginians deserve all the energy 3 efficiency as documented in the US DOE report cost effectiveness of the 2021 IECC for residential 5 buildings in Virginia. 10:34:05AM 6 In particular, the economic benefits will address the energy burden experienced by Virginia's low-income households, rural households, and 9 people of color. 10 Today neither Government programs nor 10:34:14AM 11 the investor-owned utility programs are sufficient to 12 alleviate this burden. Virginia's building code must 13 be improved to solve this equity problem. 14 Because my husband and I have 15 electrified our home, we enjoy better health by 10:34:27AM 16 breathing cleaner air free from gas leaks and pollution 17 from gas stoves. We have a cleaner conscience too 18 knowing that our home is no longer powered by fossil 19 gas. 20 Our home does not create the demand 10:34:34AM for fossil fuels it did once. The building code must 2.1 22 be updated to reduce the fossil fuel demand from all 23 homes and to create healthier homes and to reduce 24 greenhouse emissions. 25 Today I urge the Board to fulfill its 10:34:51AM

- 1 HB2227 legal requirements to, quote to assess public
- 2 health, safety, and welfare benefits, adopting
- 3 standards that are as least as stringent as those
- 4 contained in the IECC, including potential energy
- 5 savings and air quality benefits over time compared to 10:35:05AM
- 6 the initial cost.
- 7 These benefits have been well
- 8 documented by the US DOE study. It's way past time for
- 9 Virginia to update its energy efficiency code. Thank
- 10 you for your serious consideration.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you.
- MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, we have
- 13 Frederick Krimgold followed by Susan Stillman and then
- 14 Bill Penniman.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. Frederick
- 16 Krimgold, your two minutes starts now.
- 17 MR. KRIMGOLD: Hello. I'm Fred
- 18 Krimgold. I am the former associate Dean for the
- 19 research for the College of Architecture and Urban
- 20 studies at Virginia Tech; and a former consultant to
- 21 the World Bank on disaster risk reduction and building
- 22 regulation for resilience.
- I would like to address specifically
- the provisions related to insulation, wall, and ceiling
- 25 insulation, and air infiltration. I believe that in

10:36:10AM

10:35:13AM

10:35:21AM

10:35:44AM

10:38:00AM

both cases we need to at least meet the standard of the 1 2 2021 IECC, and in fact we should accept the IECC 3 without exceptions. Beyond that, I think that it's 4 5 important that the air infiltration issues relates not 10:36:38AM 6 only to comfort, but also to the health and resistance to the impacts of the expected future climate change. 8 And the insulation issues also relate to occupant 9 health and comfort. 10 I think it's extremely important that 10:37:01AM we recognize that failure to take into account these 11 12 measures in new construction will definitely cost 13 homeowners and the Commonwealth a growing amount of 14 money related to expected damage. That is related to 15 damages anticipated by responsible scientific opinion 10:37:25AM 16 and the intergovernmental panel on climate change. 17 Lastly, I would suggest that approval 18 of these measures will aid the building industry and 19 the home builders by allowing them to market improved 20 economy, health, and safety to future homeowners in 10:37:52AM 2.1 Virginia. Thank you. 22 MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much. 23 MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chairman, next 24 we have Susan Stillman, Bill Penniman, and Monique

25

Hanis.

10:39:11AM

1 MR. MERINGOFF: Susan Stillman, two 2 minutes starts now. 3 MS. STILLMAN: So, thank you. My 4 name is Susan Stillman and I live in Vienna, Virginia. 5 Virginia's building code is woefully behind the current 10:38:12AM 6 IECC set in 2021. Our neighboring State Maryland adopted the IECC a year after it was released, homes 8 built to the Code in Virginia are less expense to 9 operate over the life of the home because they are 10 better insulated and have less air leakage. 10:38:32AM 11 Virginian's pay a heavy price in 12 utility cost because our Code is not up to the most 13 recent standards. 14 The price of electricity goes up year 15 over year. And my last gas bill there was a note from 10:38:43AM 16 the fossil gas company that in addition to the 17 volatility of the price of fossil gas that we've seen 18 over the last few years the price of fossil gas is 19 expected -- predicted to increase. 20 While having a mortgage one can 10:38:54AM 2.1 afford is important, having predictable operating costs to heat, cool, and cook are important too. 2.2 23 Many Virginians are installing solar 24 so they can reduce the risk of increases in the price

25

of electricity.

New homes should have the conduit in 1 2 place and the appropriate circuit box so that 3 installing solar is easy and inexpensive to do. 4 should happen at the time of construction. We are talking about conduit, not a huge expense to the 10:39:21AM 6 builder. By the same token, conduit infrastructure and circuit box infrastructure should be EV charging and 8 induction and cooktop ready. 9 I spent a lot of money getting the 10 wiring for my induction cooktop. This should not be 10:39:34AM 11 the case in building homes going forward. 12 Putting the infrastructure to future 13 proof homes during construction is the right time to do 14 it. Well insulated residences are more comfortable to 15 live in and less expensive to operate over the life of 10:39:44AM 16 the home. 17 Virginia's Building Code needs to 18 meet the current IECC. Our citizens deserve nothing 19 less. 20 MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much. 10:40:01AM 2.1 MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, we have Bill Penniman, Monique Hanis, Jeff Mang. 2.2 23 MR. MERINGOFF: Bill Penniman, you 24 may go ahead.

MR. PENNIMAN: Good morning. Thank

- 1 you. As you know, I have actively participated in
- 2 workgroup and rulemaking processes throughout the 2021
- 3 cycle. Tomorrow I will submit written comments on
- 4 behalf of five organizations whose members include over
- 5 thirty thousand residents of Virginia.
- A few of the basic messages in those
- 7 comments. One, comply with Virginia law that proposed
- 8 final rule must be revised to adopt the full IECC and
- 9 to adopt several additional proposals that we've
- submitted that will save energy and benefit residents
- 11 for decades.
- 12 As other speakers have noted in,
- 13 current Virginia law requires that standards be at
- least as stringent as the full IECC whenever this
- 15 energy savings air quality and other benefits exceed
- over time incremental cost of construction. Minimizing
- 17 cost of construction is relevant only if it is
- 18 consistent with the national codes.
- 19 Full compliance with each update to
- 20 the IECC since 2006 for residential and commercial
- 21 codes has consistently been shown by the Department of
- 22 Energy and National Laboratory to save energy and money
- 23 for occupants year after year compared to the prior
- 24 IECC.
- The 2021 IECC would produce energy

10:40:46AM

10:41:00AM

10:41:21AM

1	savings of 17.9 percent across all climate zones in	
2	Virginia. It would save statewide residents would save	
3	7.2 million dollars in the first year and over time	
4	they would save over eighty-three hundred-dollars each	
5	initial cost are taken into account.	10:42:00AM
6	Full IECC compliance will enhance	
7	housing affordability under Virginia law and federal	
8	policies. Affordability is measured by total housing	
9	costs including utilities as well as mortgages and	
10	rents. That's exactly what the DOE and the Pacific	10:42:19AM
11	National Laboratory examine when they find that the	
12	IECC will reduce residents costs for decades.	
13	MR. MERINGOFF: That's two minutes,	
14	sir. You may conclude, but that's been over two	
15	minutes.	10:42:36AM
16	MR. PENNIMAN: Okay.	
17	So, the other thing I would say is	
18	that it's critical that you remove the proposed	
19	rollback of commercial categories FSNU which are	
20	totally unsupported by the evidence and	10:42:50AM
21	totally contradictory the law. Thank you.	
22	MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you.	
23	MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, Monique	
24	Hanis, Jeff Mang, and Gina Weatherup.	
25	MR. MERINGOFF: Monique Hanis, your	10:42:58AM

10:43:15AM

10:43:31AM

10:43:45AM

10:44:00AM

- 1 two minutes begins now.
- MS. HANIS: Thank you and good
- 3 morning. I am Monique Hanis and I'm speaking from the
- 4 perspective of a 32-year resident of Arlington,
- 5 Virginia. That has renovated and improved energy
- 6 efficiency on two homes over the years.
- 7 I also represent the Climate and
- 8 Clean Energy Working Group that is part of the Virginia
- 9 Grassroot Coalition. This is an umbrella group of 50
- organizations and 15,000 engaged advocates across the
- 11 Commonwealth.
- I urge the Board to strengthen
- building codes to make Virginia a leader, particularly
- in energy efficiency. I think there are three good
- reasons for setting stronger across the board building
- 16 codes and energy efficiency standards for all
- 17 buildings, homes, commercial properties, schools, and
- 18 other public buildings.
- 19 First, we drive the greatest term
- 20 energy savings impact for all Virginians whether we're
- 21 renters, homeowners, customers of Virginia based
- businesses, and all of us who pay taxes to maintain our
- 23 public buildings.
- Second, by creating a level playing
- 25 field for builders and contractors, we can improve our

10:44:15AM

10:45:40AM

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buildings of all types when they're being built or
1
2
      renovated rather than making thicker insulation, energy
 3
      efficient systems -- lighting systems. Excuse me. And
 4
      better heating and cooling systems and optional
      afterthought. This is something I've learned first
                                                                     10:44:32AM
 6
      hand. It's usually more and much more expensive to
      improve later.
 8
                        Third, I believe this will make
 9
      Virginia a more competitive building market leader,
10
      support our economy and the building industry.
                                                                     10:44:46AM
                        Bottom line. I feel this is the
11
12
      right action to take now that will pay back decades to
13
      come. Thank you for your consideration for hearing me
14
      out.
15
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you.
                                                                      10:44:56AM
16
                        MR. FLANDERS: Next, Chair, we have
17
      Jeff Mang followed by Gina Weatherup and Ben Rabe.
18
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Jeff Mang, your two
19
      minutes begins now.
20
                        MR. MANG: Okay. Thank you.
                                                                     10:45:10AM
2.1
                        Jeff Mang representing the
22
      Polysocyanurate Insulation Manufacturers Association,
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PIMA. So, first of all, thank you for this opportunity

In General, PIMA would urge the

to comment and for the remote option.

23

24

10:47:01AM

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1
      adoption of the IECC's -- the unamended IECC, but I'd
 2
      like to focus on comments, specifically on the Appendix
 3
           That was adopted. PIMA urges the Board to delete
      the weakening envelope require -- provisions proposed
 5
      for Groups F, S, and U buildings under that appendix.
                                                                      10:45:52AM
 6
                        I'm not familiar with Groups F and U,
7
      but applying these weaker envelope requirements to the
8
      storage or warehouse category would have a very
 9
      negative, very large negative impact.
10
                        Warehouses represent about 25 percent
                                                                 10:46:10AM
      of new construction and 75 percent of those buildings
11
12
      where both are heat and cooled. Nationally almost 12
13
      billion dollars is spent each year on the energy used
14
      in warehouses and under this amendment the cost would
15
      go up for Virginia.
                                                                      10:46:29AM
16
                        The Appendix CD is an option.
17
      not needed. Under the current IECC, buildings would
18
      have condition spaces and low energy buildings are
19
      already exempted from the envelope requirements.
20
                        And under the ASHRAE 90.1 standards,
                                                                     10:46:45AM
2.1
      which is an alternative compliance path under the IECC,
2.2
      the envelope requirements for semi-heated spaces are
23
      already much less stringent than they are under the
24
      base code requirements.
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In addition, the proponents recent

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1 statement for this amendment addressed only the upfront
```

- 2 cost savings and provided no information about the
- 3 impact on full building life cycle costs.
- 4 The requirements for these building
- 5 categories have been in place under the model energy 10:47:17AM
- 6 code for quite some time now. So, I think this
- 7 rollback which diverges significantly from the national
- 8 model code should be supported by a more complete life
- 9 cycle cost analysis. So --
- 10 MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you. Very
- 11 much.
- MR. MANG: Okay. Thank you very
- 13 much.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.
- MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chairman, we 10:47:37AM
- 16 have Gina Weatherup, Ben Rabe, Eric Lacey.
- 17 MR. MERINGOFF: Gina Weatherup, you
- 18 may go ahead.
- MS. WEATHERUP: Good morning. My
- 20 name is Gina D'Andria [sic]. I am a small business
- 21 owner, a parent, a homeowner in Fairfax County, and I
- 22 recently started volunteering with the Citizens Climate
- Lobby.
- I'm here to give you a very brief
- 25 personal story. You see I just purchased my first all

10:48:02AM

10:47:48AM

10:47:37AM

10:48:20AM

10:48:32AM

10:48:45AM

10:49:04AM

10:49:19AM

- 1 electric vehicle or EV, and it's been really exciting
- 2 to drive it around and show off my new car. And before
- 3 I purchased it, I read about EV's and I talked to EV
- 4 owners for more than a year. And we ultimately made
- 5 the decision to buy it based on the availability of my
- 6 chosen vehicle. As a result, we wound up making a
- 7 purchase before actually adding the charging
- 8 capabilities to our home.
- 9 Well, three weeks after purchasing my
- 10 EV, after multiple times driving the one mile to plug
- 11 my car in and finding all the charge is taken, I
- 12 realized the enormous inconvenience it is to have to
- add one more errand which requires advance planning and
- 14 has no guarantee of success.
- As I have said, I run a business. I
- 16 own a home, a parent. I volunteer. I have a lot to
- do. I should have a plug in my home.
- 18 Now, I know separate from even
- 19 purchasing the actual charging it's going to cost me
- 20 fifteen hundred-dollars just to run the actual wiring.
- 21 And I'm lucky enough to be in a home whose electric
- panel doesn't need to be expanded or upgraded in any
- 23 way. I look around me and I see new homes being built
- 24 all the time.
- It's 2023, the new homes being built

10:50:23AM

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1
      should have the capabilities the at home-charging
 2
      stations already built in. As you've already heard
 3
      from others, it's far cheaper. And I imagine far
      quicker to install the required wiring or a conduit and
 5
      space on the circuit box that support EV charging
                                                                     10:49:33AM
 6
      during construction than it is to retrofit, as so many
7
      of us are already choosing to do. We invest those --
8
      that money and those resources because we can, but not
 9
      everyone can.
10
                        Electric vehicles are not going away.
                                                                    10:49:48AM
      And the cheapest way to ensure that people can easily
11
12
      charge their transportation is to build buildings that
13
      are prewired for charging stations, both homes and
14
      businesses.
                   These require new residences to be built
15
      to make EV charging a normal part of your lives. Thank
                                                                     10:50:00AM
16
      you very much.
17
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.
18
                        MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, we have
19
      Ben Rabe followed by Eric Lacey followed by Glenn Dean.
20
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Ben Rabe, your two
                                                                     10:50:13AM
2.1
      minutes begins now.
22
                        MR. RABE: Thank you. This is Ben
23
      Rabe from New Buildings Institute, and we help
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jurisdictions from around the country adopt the

building code as a tool to meet their climate goals.

24

1		
1	As many of you know, we introduced a	
2	slew of proposals in order to improve Virginia's	
3	building code. Given that we are at a late state in	
4	this process, I'd like to focus on primarily on three	
5	recommendations at this point.	10:50:42AM
6	We recommend starting with an	
7	unamended version of the 2021, which prioritizes	
8	removing the weakening weatherization and envelope	
9	requirements that many other folks have mentioned, and	
10	consider strengthening amendments to meet the stage	10:50:57AM
11	climate and goals including electric ready amendments	
12	and EV charging.	
13	As I said, we introduced a number of	
14	other proposals that we think are all very strong, but	
15	these I think will get the most benefits to Virginia	10:51:11AM
16	residence at this time. Thank you.	
17	MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.	
18	MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, we have	
19	Eric Lacey followed by Glenn Dean followed by Mary	
20	Koban speaking on statewide building codes.	10:51:27AM
21	MR. MERINGOFF: Eric Lacey, your two	
22	minutes begins now.	
23	MR. Lacey: Thank you members of the	
24	Board. Thank you, Mister Chair, for taking the time to	
25	listen to our public comments and again thank you for	10:51:38AM

10:52:36AM

- 1 the remote option. 2 I'm Eric Lacey the Chair of the 3 Responsible Energy Codes Alliance, and we are a coalition of building products and equipment 4 5 manufacturers trade associations and efficiency and 10:51:44AM 6 environmental advocates, and we've been involved in 7 this process for many years. 8 But, we do appreciate the hard work 9 of the Board and all the work groups and the progress 10 that we're making towards adoption of the IECC. I 10:51:56AM appreciate that stakeholders are willing to get 11 12 together to find reasonable compromises. 13 Now, while I think we made really 14 good progress, um, this cycle there's still a few 15 really important amendments that needs to be made here, 10:52:07AM 16 in order to get a full benefits of the 2021 IECC, but 17 also to help facilitate tax credits for homeowners and 18 builders and to make sure that federal grants are
- And I just want to make a quick note 10:52:22AM

 about these federal dollars. They were raised earlier,

 but I think this is a important point. One and a

 quarter of billion tax dollars are being allocated to

 code adoption and implementation over the next decade

or so, and this is through the Bipartisan Infracture

10:52:50AM

10:53:27AM

- Act and the Inflation Reduction Act.

 As a taxpayer in Oakton, Virginia,

 I'm urging the Board to make the necessary adjustments

 to the USPC to make sure that those federal dollars are

 directed towards our own Commonwealth rather than just

 forfeiting our tax dollars to other states that are
- 9 third look at the codes to make sure that we are as
 10 compliant as we can be, to help to ensure that those 10:53:02AM

I do think it's worth a second and

dollars are -- are landing here in the Commonwealth rather than going somewhere else.

to be fixed before the rule is finalized.

already on track for adoption of the 2021 IECC.

8

13

16

written comments to the Board on Friday, and we
detailed three weakening amendments that we think need 10:53:18AM

We've submitted more extensive

- The first one is a new Appendix CD

 which Jeff Mang spoke about. This needs to be deleted

 or fixed. It applies to the 2006 IECC requirements to

 some building types. This is going to create some

 conflicts. Whatever you think about the energy savings

 it's a mismatch. But, we do think that the energy

 savings differences are huge, and we are going to lose
- savings differences are huge, and we are going to lose

 a lot of energy as a result of these amendments.

 The other two amendments, the wall 10:53:42AM

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insulation requirements are two codes cycles behind
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- 2 now. And we think the envelope air leakage
- 3 requirements can be tightened up a little bit more. We
- 4 made good progress on this, and we appreciate the home
- 5 builders working with us on this, but we think we can 10:54:00AM
- 6 go that next step and come up to full Code compliance.
- 7 MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you.
- 8 MR. Lacey: Thank you.
- 9 MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, we have
- 10 Glenn Dean followed by Mary Koban followed by Robert
- 11 Glass.
- MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. Glen Dean, go
- 13 ahead.
- MR. DEAN: Good morning. I'm Glenn
- Dean representing myself. I am speaking on the subject
- 16 of residential sprinkler systems, in particular for
- 17 single family homes.
- 18 Given all the true and blatantly
- 19 false rhetoric over the pass cycles, I suggest the
- 20 entirety of the Board direct and set up through its
- 21 codes and standards committee the establishment of a
- 22 balanced subcommittee for this upcoming code cycles
- 23 specific to residential sprinkler systems.
- By balanced, I mean that it is to be
- comprised of members of the Board who are opposed to

10:54:43AM

10:54:29AM

10:54:06AM

10:54:16AM

1	such systems. An equal number of Board members and	
2	support and an equal number of Board members who know	
3	nothing about these systems beyond the concept. These	
4	members should activity participate in all the properly	
5	advertised meetings, but not to the exclusion that	10:55:03AM
6	other Board members who want to witness the debate	
7	firsthand.	
8	As for the purpose of rooting out	
9	what is false, what is true about residential supplier	
10	sprinkler systems. Based on the statutory language of	10:55:12AM
11	3699 of the Code of Virginia stating, in part, quote,	
12	provisions of the building Code of and modifications	
13	thereof shall be such as to protect the health, safety,	
14	and welfare of the residents of the Commonwealth,	
15	provided that the building is constructed should be	10:55:26AM
16	permitted to be constructed rehab and maintain at the	
17	least possible cost consistent with recognized	
18	standards for health, safety, energy conservation, and	
19	water conservation, end quote.	
20	I emphasize the legislative hierarchy	10:55:42AM
21	of shall versus should and then, quote. It is	
22	compulsory of the Board as a whole to give serious and	
23	unbias consideration of this important and serious	
24	provision within the model code. Thank you.	
25	MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.	10:55:59AM

10:57:14AM

MR. FLANDERS: Chair, next we have	
Mary Koban speaking to the USBC. Robert Glass, Dan	
Willham.	
MR. MERINGOFF: Mary Koban, go ahead.	
MS. Koban: Again, Mary Koban	10:56:11AM
representing Chemours. I'm just going to touch on this	
just to make sure we are clear. During the Virginia	
code proposal process five codes proposals: BF202,	
BF608, Parts 1 and Part 2 and BF911 and BF 5003 were	
heard. They were heard but not excepted because they	10:56:29AM
were submitted into the fire code and should have been	
submitted into the building code. So, we apologize for	
that error in admission there supporting that.	
So, please refer to the Virginia Code	
Hearing book Page 663. We noted before that these	10:56:45AM
codes are critically important for air conditioning	
heating ventilation and refrigeration industry to meet	
the AIM Act. And we know that these are also for	
commercial and residential applications. Without these	
codes being approved, folks who are out there handling	10:57:00AM
servicing and storing refrigerants will have a very	
difficult time moving forward with lower GWP	
refrigerants for servicing these applications, due to	
the upcoming AIM Act against next phase down. Thank	
	Mary Koban speaking to the USBC. Robert Glass, Dan Willham. MR. MERINGOFF: Mary Koban, go ahead. MS. Koban: Again, Mary Koban representing Chemours. I'm just going to touch on this just to make sure we are clear. During the Virginia code proposal process five codes proposals: BF202, BF608, Parts 1 and Part 2 and BF911 and BF 5003 were heard. They were heard but not excepted because they were submitted into the fire code and should have been submitted into the building code. So, we apologize for that error in admission there supporting that. So, please refer to the Virginia Code Hearing book Page 663. We noted before that these codes are critically important for air conditioning heating ventilation and refrigeration industry to meet the AIM Act. And we know that these are also for commercial and residential applications. Without these codes being approved, folks who are out there handling servicing and storing refrigerants will have a very difficult time moving forward with lower GWP refrigerants for servicing these applications, due to

25

you. Bye.

1	MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.	
2	MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, we have	
3	Robert Glass followed by Dan Willham.	
4	MR. MERINGOFF: Robert Glass, your	
5	two minutes now.	10:57:25AM
6	MR. GLASS: Yes. Yes, good morning.	
7	My name is Robert Glass with [INAUDIBLE] Technologies.	
8	I would like to first start by saying ditto for Mary	
9	Koban and for the information that she noted.	
10	The second thing I want to go ahead	10:57:40AM
11	and address is the need to update some of the standards	
12	that are noted in the reference sections of the	
13	building code, particularly the ULCSA 60335-2-40.	
14	In the updates here it notes the 2019	
15	edition, which was the latest edition at the time	10:57:59AM
16	proposals were originally submitted to the Board. But,	
17	subsequent to that the standard has been updated to the	
18	2022 edition, and the 2024 IMC and IRC through the	
19	Group B Code cycle has updated and adopted the 2022	
20	edition of the safety standard.	10:58:24AM
21	It's critical that be updated because	
22	computer room air conditioners that use A2L refrigents	
23	are not addressed in any other standard only the 2020	
24	edition.	

And in addition there are additional

10:58:40AM

10:59:58AM

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1
      updates to all equipment using A2L refrigerants. Also,
 2
      the note for ASHRAE 34 and ASHRAE 15, they are both
 3
      noted as the 2019 editions. Those also need to be
 4
      updated to the 2022 editions because new A2L
 5
      refrigerants are addressed in the ASHRAE 34, 2022 and
                                                                      10:59:03AM
 6
      the ASHRAE 15 2022 addresses updated requirements for
      all equipment that are using A2L refrigerants.
 8
                        Again, those have been approved and
 9
      adopted by ICC for 2024 IMC and the ASHRAE 15 2022 for
10
      the IRC.
                                                                      10:59:24AM
11
                        So, I would like the Board to go
      ahead and consider and we - I will go ahead and submit
12
13
      comments to provide the chapter verse on where these
14
      updates are needed. Thank you so much for your time.
15
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you.
                                                                      10:59:36AM
16
                        MR. FLANDERS: Chair, we have Dan
17
      Willham.
18
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Dan Willham, your two
19
      minutes begins now.
20
                        MR. WILLHAM: Good morning. My name
                                                                      10:59:44AM
      is Dan Willham, Fairfax County Deputy Building
2.1
      Official, and I would like to speak in support of the
2.2
23
      non-consensus changes that eliminate weakening of the
24
      Virginia -- Virginia Energy Code Amendments, especially
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those that allow reduced wall insulation and a higher

1	infiltration for blower door tests.	
2	The Fairfax County Board of	
3	Supervisors supports actions that would require	
4	increased energy efficient construction. Approximately	
5	14 percent of Virginia residents reside in Fairfax	11:00:10AM
6	County, and this would support our community wide	
7	energy and climate action plan or CCAP that is unique	
8	in that it was developed by the community, for the	
9	community, with input from dozens of organizational	
10	business and civic leaders as well as individual	11:00:33AM
11	residents. And we would like to support all of the	
12	previous comments that support to this.	
13	And also, note that there is more to	
14	our affordability than a first cost. More importance	
15	should be placed on the affordability of owning a home	11:00:52AM
16	or a building after the purchase. Thank you.	
17	MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.	
18	MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, that's	
19	the last speaker registered for the building code at	
20	this time.	11:01:02AM
21	MR. MERINGOFF: Okay.	
22	Then that concludes the public	
23	comments for the Uniform Statewide Building Code. And	
24	we will move on to the Virginia Amusement Device	
25	Regulations.	11:01:12AM

11:02:38AM

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1
                        MR. FLANDERS: Chair, we don't have
2
      anyone registered that I'm aware of online or
 3
      in-person.
 4
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Okay.
 5
                        In that case, we will move on to the
                                                                 11:01:28AM
 6
      Virginia Industrialized Building Safety Regulations.
 7
                        MR. FLANDERS: Okay. We have one
 8
      speaker registered in-person, Randy Grumbine.
9
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Okay.
10
                        MR. FLANDERS: Randy Grumbine.
                                                                    11:01:46AM
11
                        Mr. GRUMBINE: Mister Chair, good
12
      morning. Randy Grumbine representing the Virginia
13
      Manufacturing Modular Building Association.
14
                        Just a couple of comments. We do not
15
      have objections to the proposed amendments to the IBC
                                                                     11:01:56AM
16
      section. We do have some bills however are concerned
17
      with adoption of the 2021 IECC not being able to find a
18
      way to comply with building some models, especially in
19
      the more climate restricted regions, such as Bath and
20
      Highland counties. So, we do have a concern about
                                                                     11:02:21AM
      those proposals of the '21 -- 2021 adoption of the
2.1
22
      IECC. Thank you.
23
                        MR. MERINGOFF: Thank you very much.
24
                        MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, I don't
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believe we have anyone else registered to speak.

1	MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. And that	
2	concludes the public comment.	
3	And I will close the public hearing.	
4	Are there any other persons wishing	
5	to speak regarding the issues for which this public	11:02:53AM
6	hearing was convened? Okay. Not hearing anyone. Then	
7	the hearing is now concluded.	
8	All comments will be taken under	
9	advisement by the Board. I would like to reemphasize	
10	that any written statements received will be considered	11:03:11AM
11	by the Board.	
12	Thank you very much. That concludes	
13	the public hearing.	
14	MR. FLANDERS: Mister Chair, I put	
15	the link for the public comment e-mail in the chat	11:03:26AM
16	online and public comments can be submitted through	
17	tomorrow.	
18	MR. MERINGOFF: Okay. Thank you very	
19	much. Yes, written comments can be submitted through	
20	tomorrow. Thank you very much, Kyle.	11:03:38AM
21	That concludes the public hearing.	
22	[MAY 8, 2023: 11:05 A.M.]	
23		

1	CERTIFICATE OF COURT REPORTER
2	I, Andrea Pegram, hereby certify that I
3	transcribed the above-styled Board of Housing and
4	Community Development hearing on May 8, 2023, to the
5	best of my ability.
6	
7	
8	Andrea Gegram
9	Andrea Pegram Court Reporter
10	Court Reporter
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